| Exam  |    |  |
|---|----|--|
| Name  |    |  |
| MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.  |    |  |
| <ol> <li>To define a class that will represent a car, which of the following definitions is most appropriate?         <ul> <li>A) public class car</li> <li>B) private class car</li> <li>C) public class Car</li> <li>D) private class Car</li> <li>E) public class CAR</li> </ul> </li> </ol>   | 1) |  |
| <ul> <li>2) Having multiple class methods of the same name where each method has a different number of or type of parameters is known as <ul> <li>A) tokenizing</li> <li>B) method overloading</li> <li>C) encapsulation</li> <li>D) importing</li> <li>E) information hiding</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | 2) |  |
| <ul> <li>3) An example of passing a message to a String where the message has a String parameter occurs in which of the following messages?</li> <li>A) equals</li> <li>B) toUpperCase</li> <li>C) length</li> <li>D) substring</li> <li>E) none of the above, it is not possible to pass a String as a parameter in a message to a String</li> </ul> | 3) |  |

For question(s) below, use the following class definition

```
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
public class Student
   private String name;
   private String major;
   private double gpa;
   private int hours;
   public Student(String newName, String newMajor, double newGPA, int newHours)
       name = newName;
       major = newMajor;
       gpa = newGPA;
       hours = newHours;
   public String toString( )
       DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("xxxx"); // xxxx needs to be replaced
       return name + "\n" + major + "\n" + df.format(gpa) + "\n" + hours
   4) Assume that another method has been defined that will compute and return the student's class
                                                                                                         4) _____
     rank (Freshman, Sophomore, etc). It is defined as:
                      public String getClassRank( )
     Given that s1 is a student, which of the following would properly be used to get s1's class rank?
        A) s1 = getClassRank();
        B) getClassRank(s1);
        C) s1.getClassRank();
        D) s1.toString();
        E) s1.getHours();
```

5) Another method that might be desired is one that updates the Student's number of credit hours.

This method will receive a number of credit hours and add these to the Student's current hours.

Which of the following methods would accomplish this?

A) public void updateHours()

```
A) public void updateFrours()

{
    hours++;
}

B) public int updateHours()

{
    return hours;
}

C) public updateHours(int moreHours)

{
    hours += moreHours;
}

D) public void updateHours(int moreHours)

{
    hours += moreHours;
}

E) public int updateHours(int moreHours)

{
    return hours + moreHours;
}
```

- 6) In a class called Rational class, the methods reduce and gcd are declared to be private. Why?
- 6) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Because they do not use any of Rational's instance data
- B) Because they will only be called from methods inside of Rational
- C) Because they will only be called from the constructor of Rational
- D) Because they will never be used
- E) Because it is a typo and they should be declared as public

Use the following information to answer the question(s) below. The Die class has two constructers defined as follows. Assume MIN\_FACES is an int equal to 4.

```
Public Die()
{
    numFaces = 6;
    faceValue = 1;
}

public Die(int faces)
{
    if (faces < MIN_FACES) numFaces = 6;
    else numFaces = faces;
    faceValue = 1;
}</pre>
```

- 7) The instruction Die d = new Die(10, 0); results in
  - A) The Die d having numFaces = 6 and faceValue = 10
  - B) The Die d having numFaces = 10 and faceValue = 10
  - C) A syntax error
  - D) The Die d having numFaces = 6 and faceValue = 1
  - E) The Die d having numFaces = 10 and faceValue = 1

For the question(s) below, use the following class definition:

```
public class Swapper
      private int x;
      private String y;
      public int z;
      public Swapper(int a, String b, int c)
             x = a;
             y = b;
             z = c;
      public String swap()
             int temp = x;
             x = z;
             z = temp;
             return y;
      }
      public String toString()
             if (x < z) return y;
             else return "" + x + z;
}
   8) If the instruction Swapper s = new Swapper(0, "hello", 0); is executed followed by s.toString();
      what value is returned from s.toString()?
                                                    C) "0"
                                                                         D) "hello"
         A) "00"
                               B) "hello00"
                                                                                               E) 0
   9) Which of the following criticisms is valid about the Swapper class?
                                                                                                                9) _____
         A) The instance data z is visible outside of Swapper
         B) The instance data y is visible outside of Swapper
```

- C) The instance data x is visible outside of Swapper
- D) All 3 instance data are visible outside of Swapper
- E) none of the methods are visible outside of Swapper

For question(s) below, use the following class definition

```
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
    public class Student
       private String name;
       private String major;
       private double gpa;
       private int hours;
        public Student(String newName, String newMajor, double newGPA, int newHours)
            name = newName;
            major = newMajor;
            gpa = newGPA;
            hours = newHours;
        public String toString( )
            DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("xxxx"); // xxxx needs to be replaced
            return name + "\n" + major + "\n" + df.format(gpa) + "\n" + hours
      10) Which of the following could be used to instantiate a new Student s1?
                                                                                                              10) _____
            A) Student s1 = new Student();
            B) new Student(s1);
            C) Student s1 = new Student("Jane Doe", "Computer Science", 3.333, 33);
            D) new Student s1 = ("Jane Doe", "Computer Science", 3.333, 33);
            E) s1 = new Student();
For the question(s) below, assume x and y are String variables with x = "Hello" and y = null.
      11) The result of (x = y) is
                                                                                                              11) _____
            A) a run-time error
            B) true
            C) a syntax error
            D) false
            E) x being set to the value null
      12) The result of x.length() + y.length() is
                                                                                                              12) _____
            A) 6
            B) 5
            C) 10
            D) 0
            E) a thrown exception
```

For the question(s) below, consider a class that stores 2 int values. These values can be assigned int values with the messages set1(x) and set2(x) where x is an int, and these values can be accessed through get1() and get2(). Assume that y and z are two objects of this class. The following instructions are executed:

13) \_\_\_\_\_

14) \_\_\_\_\_

```
y.set1(5);
          y.set2(6);
          z.set1(3);
          z.set2(y.get1());
          y = z;
13) What would the statement y.get2() do
      A) return 0
      B) cause a run-time error
      C) return 6
      D) return 5
      E) return 3
```

For the question(s) below, use the following class definition:

```
public class StaticExample
         private static int x;
         public StaticExample (int y)
                  x = y;
         public int incr()
                  X++;
                  return x;
         }
}
```

14) Two StaticExamples are below:

StaticExample a = new StaticExample(5); StaticExample b = new StaticExample(12);

How many versions of the variable x are there

- A) 0 static variables are never created
- B) 1
- C) 2 one for each Static Example
- D) 5
- E) 12

| 15)    |   | of z after the third sta |                       | elow?                    |               | 15) |  |
|--------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----|--|
|        | StaticExam  | ple a = new StaticEx     | ample(5);             |                          |               |     |  |
|        | StaticExam  | ple b = new StaticEx     | ample(12);            |                          |               |     |  |
|        | int z = a.in  | cr( );                   |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | A) 13   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | B) 5  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | C) 6  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | D) 12   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | ,   | e is syntactically inv   | alid hecause a and    | b are attempting to shar | o an instance |     |  |
|        | data  | e is symactically life   | and because a and     | b are attempting to shar | e an instance |     |  |
| the qu | estion(s) below, us   | e the following partia   | al class definitions: |                          |               |     |  |
| public | class A1  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| {      |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | public int x;   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | private int y;  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | public int z;   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| }      |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| public | class A2 extends A  | 1                        |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| {      |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | public int a;   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | private int b;  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| •••    |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| }      |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| public | class A3 extends A  | Λ2                       |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| l      | private int q;  |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| <br>}  |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| ,      |   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| 16)    | Which of the follow   | ving is true with resp   | pect to A1, A2 and    | A3?                      |               | 16) |  |
| ,      |   | 3 are all subclasses o   |                       |                          |               | /   |  |
|        | •   | e both subclasses of     |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        |   | ass of A2 and A2 is a    |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | •   | ass of A2 and A2 is a    |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        |   | e both subclasses of     |                       |                          |               |     |  |
|        | ,   |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| 17)    | 17) Which of the following lists of instance data are accessible in class A2? |                          |                       |                          |               |     |  |
| ŕ      | A) x, z, a, b   | B) x, y, z, a            | C) a, b               | D) x, y, z, a, b         | E) z, a, b    |     |  |
|        | •   | , ,                      | ,                     |                          | •             |     |  |
| 18)    | The instruction sur   | per(); does which of     | the following?        |                          |               | 18) |  |
| 10)    | -   | nod super as defined     |                       |                          |               | 10) |  |
|        | •   | nod super as defined     | , ,                   | s' naront class          |               |     |  |
|        |   | tructor as defined in    |                       | -                        |               |     |  |
|        |   | tructor as defined in    |                       | Jaicin Class             |               |     |  |
|        |   |                          |                       | C                        |               |     |  |
|        | E) cans the metr  | nod super as defined     | in the cuffent clas   | 5                        |               |     |  |

For

For the question(s) below, consider the following class definition:

19) Consider that you want to extend AClass to BClass. BClass will have a third int instance variable,

z. Which of the following would best define BClass' constructor?

```
public BClass(int a, int b, int c)
A)
            super(a, b, c);
B)
       public BClass(int a, int b, int c)
            x = a;
            y = b;
            z = c;
C)
        public BClass(int a, int b, int c)
            z = c;
D)
        public BClass(int a, int b, int c)
             super(a, b);
             z = c;
E)
       public BClass(int a, int b, int c)
            super();
```

20) You want addEm to now add all three values and return the sum and changeEm to change x and y, but leave z alone. Which should you do?

20)

19) \_\_\_\_

- A) Redefine addEm to return the value of z + super.addEm( ) and redefine changeEm to call super.changeEm( ) and thenset z=x+y
- B) Redefine addEm to return the value of z + super.addEm(), but leave changeEm alone
- C) Redefine changeEm to call super.changeEm() and then set z = x + y, but leave addEm alone
- D) Redefine change Em to call super.change Em() without doing anything to z, and redefine add Em to return super.add Em()
- E) Redefine addEm and changeEm without referencing super.addEm() or super.changeEm()

```
A)     public String toString(int z)
{
        return "" + x + "" + y + "" + z;
}
B)     public String toString()
{
        return super.toString();
}
C)     public String toString()
{
        return super.toString() + "" + z;
}
D)     public String toString()
{
        return "" + x + " + y + "" + z;
}
E)     public String toString() + "" x + "" + y + "" + z;
```